

Evaluation 4 10/07/2020

1.  $f(x) = 3 \ln^4(x^5 + 2x^2 + 1)$

$$3 \cdot \frac{1}{x^5 + 2x^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^5 + 2x^2 + 1)$$

$$3 \cdot \frac{1}{x^5 + 2x^2 + 1} (5x^4 + 4x)$$

$$\frac{3}{x^5 + 2x^2 + 1} (5x^4 + 4x)$$

b.  $\ln \frac{x}{x^4 + 3}$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{x}{x^4 + 3}} \frac{d}{dx} \left( \ln \frac{x}{x^4 + 3} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^4 + 3}{x} \frac{d}{dx} \left( \ln \frac{x}{x^4 + 3} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^4 + 3}{x} \cdot \frac{x^4 + 3 \frac{d}{dx}(x) - x \frac{d}{dx}(x^4 + 3)}{(x^4 + 3)^2}$$

$$\frac{x^4 + 3}{x} \cdot \frac{x^4 + 3(1) - x(4x^3)}{(x^4 + 3)^2} = \frac{x^4 + 3 + x^4 + 3 - 4x^4}{x(x^4 + 3)^2}$$

$$\frac{x^4 + 3 - 3x^4 + 3}{x(x^4 + 3)^2} = \frac{-2x^4 + 6}{x(x^4 + 3)^2}$$

$$(c) f(x) = \frac{\ln(5x)}{4x} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{d}{dx} \frac{\ln(5x)}{x} u$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{x \frac{d}{dx} (\ln 5x) - \ln(5x) \frac{d}{dx} (x)}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{5x} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (5x) - \ln(5x) (1)}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{5x} (5) \frac{d}{dx} (x) - \ln(5x)}{x^2} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot \frac{5x}{5x} (1) - \ln(5x)}{x^2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1 - \ln(5x)}{x^2}}$$

$$d.) x^3 \ln(4x) = x^3 \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(4x)) + \ln(4x) \frac{d}{dx} (x^3)$$

$$x^3 \left( \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(4x)) \frac{d}{dx} (4x) \right) + \ln(4x) (3x^2)$$

$$x^3 \left( \frac{1}{4x} \cdot 4 \right) + \ln(4x) (3x^2)$$

$$\frac{x^3}{4x} (4) + \ln(4x) (3x^2) = \frac{x^2}{4} + \ln(4x) (3x^2)$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + 3x^2 \ln(4x)}$$

$$2. f(x) = \ln\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{x+2}{x-2}}\right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \ln\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right] = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{(x-2) \frac{d}{dx}(x+2) - (x+2) \frac{d}{dx}(x-2)}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{(x-2)(1) - (x+2)(1)}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{x-2 - x-2}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \cdot \left(\frac{-4}{3(x-2)^2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \left(\frac{-4}{3(x-2)^2}\right) \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

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$$b. \ln \left( \frac{(x+2)^4 \sqrt[3]{x^4+1}}{e^7 \sqrt{x^2+1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{(x+2)^4 \sqrt[3]{x^4+1}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{(x+2)^4 \sqrt[3]{x^4+1}}{e^7 \sqrt{x^2+1}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x+2)^4 \sqrt[3]{x^4+1}}{e^7 \sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

c.  $f(x) = (x^2 + 5) \ln(x^2 + 5)$

$$(x^2 + 5) \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(x^2 + 5)) + \ln(x^2 + 5) \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + 5)$$

$$(x^2 + 5) \left( \frac{1}{x^2 + 5} \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + 5) \right) + \ln(x^2 + 5) (2x)$$

$$(x^2 + 5) \left( \frac{1}{x^2 + 5} \right) (2x) + \ln(x^2 + 5) (2x)$$

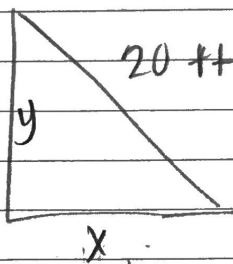
$$\boxed{(x^2 + 5) \left( \frac{2x}{x^2 + 5} \right) + 2x \ln(x^2 + 5)}$$

3. 20ft ladder  
rate = 6 ft/sec  
12 ft away

$$\frac{2x}{1y} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{2y}{1y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{-x}{y} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = c^2$$



$$-\frac{12}{y} (6) = -\frac{12}{16} = \frac{18}{4} = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$20^2 - 12^2 = 400 - 144$$

$$y^2 = 156$$

$$y = 16$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (x^2 + y^2 = 400)$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 400$$

$$\boxed{\frac{9}{2} \text{ ft/s}}$$

4. (a)  $v(t) = s'(t) = 3t^2 - 24t + 36$

(b)  $3(3)^2 - 24(3) + 36 = 0$   
 $3(9) - 72 + 36 = -9$

(c)  $3(0)^2 - 24(0) + 36 = \boxed{36}$   
 $3(-9)^2 - 24(-9) + 36 =$   
 $-279 + 216 + 36 = 437$

5.  $2xy + x^2y = 5x + 5$

$\frac{d}{dx} (2xy + x^2y = 5x + 5)$

$2(2xy \frac{d}{dx}(y) + y^2) + x^2 \frac{d}{dx}(y) + 2xy = 5$

$4xy \frac{d}{dx}(y) + 2y^2 + x^2 \frac{d}{dx}(y) + 2xy = 5$

$4xy \frac{dy}{dx} + x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 5 - 2y^2 - 2xy$

$\frac{dy}{dx} (4xy + x^2) = 5 - 2y^2 - 2xy$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{D}{C}$

(1, 2)

$\frac{5 - 2y^2 - 2xy}{4xy + x^2}$